

COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR MODULATING PHYSIOLOGY OF  
EPITHELIAL JUNCTIONAL ADHESION MOLECULES FOR ENHANCED  
MUCOSAL DELIVERY OF THERAPEUTIC COMPOUNDS

**ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE**

5                   Compositions and methods are provided that include a biologically  
active agent and a permeabilizing agent effective to enhance mucosal delivery of the  
biologically active agent in a mammalian subject. The permeabilizing agent  
reversibly enhances mucosal epithelial paracellular transport, typically by modulating  
epithelial junctional structure and/or physiology at a mucosal epithelial surface in the  
10   subject. This effect typically involves inhibition by the permeabilizing agent of  
homotypic or heterotypic binding between epithelial membrane adhesive proteins of  
neighboring epithelial cells. Target proteins for this blockade of homotypic or  
heterotypic binding can be selected from various related junctional adhesion  
molecules (JAMs), occludins, or claudins. The permeabilizing agent is typically a  
15   peptide or peptide analog or mimetic, often selected or derived from an extracellular  
domain of a mammalian JAM, occludin or claudin protein.